

2200SLE single grain laser scanner Revision 0.0 4/4/2003
Command Structure

This document specifies the commands and communications protocols for the 2200SLE single grain laser scanner. It is based on the original firmware specification, and as development continued, some of the commands became redundant, or were not implemented initially. As a more comprehensive user manual gets written, this document will get cleaned up.

Commands are sent to the device using the following format:

```
]nnx n0 n-1<CRLF>
```

- ']' - Left Bracket is the identification of a command input string.
- nn - Is the Command to perform. There must be one or two characters in the command field. There may be a space before it.
E.G. To send a command to turn on echo.
]90<CR>
To send a command to initialize the system.
]0<CR>
- x,y...z - The values input. They can be any of the following.
 - Values are separated by any character other than a Minus, Plus, Digit ('-', '+', '0-9'). A <space> is the usual delimiter.

Data Formats:

Integer (16 bit signed/unsigned)
Float

At present, only signed integers are used.

- <CRLF> - This indicates the end of the command string. The termination of the command string can be any combination of these control characters, or even lacking one of the control characters. But, there must be atleast one of these control characters present to terminate the command.

EG:

```
]90<CR> - This would set the echo on, if off (default = OFF).  
]0<CR> - This would call the function Initialize()  
]2 -2000 1000 - This would call command 2 and pass parameter 1 as  
-2000 and parameter 2 as 1000.
```

Error Codes:

0	OK
-1	Bad Command Number
-2	Bad Parameter
-3	Too Few Parameters
-4	No Disk Detected
-5	Could not acquire index
-6	Communications Timeout
-7	Actuator #n Timeout
-8	Command Buffer Overrun (too many characters)
-9	Bad Command String identifier
-10	Other error
-20	Starting too far from the edge of the disk (LineScanReport)
-21	Starting too close to the edge of the disk (LineScanReport)
-22	A raw Threshold not found
-23	The filtered threshold not found
-24	No Reflectivity Found
-25	Edge Not Found
-52	External laser Control Timeout.

The following is a list of input commands:

Command - Function

00 - Initialize()
DESCRIPTION: Acquire disk orientation.

REPORTS:
Theta, xdac_center, ydac_center, xScale, yScale
REPORT FORMAT- SERIAL COMM &f f f f f<LFCR>

INPUT: None
LIMITS: None

01 - GetStatus()
DESCRIPTION: NOTE: NOT IMPLEMENTED
INPUT:
LIMITS:

02 - MoveXYCenter(x, y)
DESCRIPTION: Move to xy position relative to disk center (i.e. untransformed coordinates, orientation hole is up)
INPUT: Parameter 1: x Value
Parameter 2: y Value
OUTPUT: &x1,y1 x2,y2\n\r

x1,y1 Micron Units (float)
x2,y2 DAC Units (Integer), as transformed

LIMITS:

03 - MoveXYAbs(int x, int y)
DESCRIPTION: Moves the laser to the x,y position
INPUT: x: -2048 to 2048
y: -2048 to 2048
LIMITS: as above

04 - Shutter()
DESCRIPTION: NOTE: NOT IMPLEMENTED as shutter not required for this version of instrument
Open Shutter
INPUT: 0 = Close Shutter
1 = Open Shutter

05 - MoveToPosition(pos)
DESCRIPTION: This command will move to the 'pos' hole number.
INPUT: Hole number 0 - 99 (depends on the holes per row)

LIMITS: None.

06 - LaserPower(power, task)
DESCRIPTION: Controls laser intensity and mode of operation
INPUT: Power = 0 Set Laser power off
Power > 1 - 4095 Set Laser power
Power = < 0 Set Laser power with external intensity control signal

task = 0 Use internal intensity control
task = 1 Wait for External Enable Control PD3 to go low,
Turns off when PD3 goes high.

NOTE: During external events, there is a 100 second timeout in the event an external event does not occur.

07 - FilterWheel()
DESCRIPTION: NOTE: NOT IMPLEMENTED
INPUT:

```

08 - Dither()          NOTE: NOT IMPLEMENTED
DESCRIPTION:          Enable dithering of beam position with parameters.
INPUT:                Diameter =      Size of the sample hole
                        > 0 run function.
                        == 0 Turn Off
                        Grid           =      In microns
                        Mode           =  0 = raster
                        1 = circle
                        Dwell          =      Number of millisecs at one point.

09 - DumpGlobalParameters() NOT IMPLEMENTED--SEE COMMAND 29
DESCRIPTION:          This function will dump System Globals in either
                        a labeled format or unlabeled format.
INPUT:                0      -      Unlabeled format.
                        1      -      Labeled format.

                        Unlabeled format:
                        &n n n n n n n n n n n ....

                        Labeled example:
                        Laser Power = 100      Disk Diameter = 9700      ....

10 - SelectLaser()    NOTE: NOT IMPLEMENTED for future version of instrument
DESCRIPTION:          Selects the laser type
INPUT:                0 = Green, 1 = IR

20 - LineScanReport()
DESCRIPTION:
INPUT:                int xyStart      0 - 4096
                        int iQuad      1, 2, 3, 4
                        int iNPoints   0 - MAX_LINE_SCAN_POINTS (300)
                        int iVerbose   0 = VERBOSE_OFF
                        1 = VERBOSE_SERIAL_ON (SERIAL COMM)
                        2 = VERBOSE_TTY_ON (stdio terminal,debug only)

                        BOOL bEdge     0 = RISING_EDGE
                        1 = FALLING_EDGE

21 - ArcScanReport()  NOTE: NOT IMPLEMENTED
DESCRIPTION:          Finds edges of either 1 or 3 hole and reports the x1,y1 and x2,y2, theta1,
                        and theta2
INPUT:                1 = Quadrant 1 Orientation Hole, 3 = Quadrant 3 Orientation Hole.
LIMITS:              None.

22 - FindCenter()
DESCRIPTION:          Finds the disk Center
                        Might have to call j40 to initialize.
INPUT:                None
LIMITS:

23 - FindHoleCenter()
DESCRIPTION:          Finds the hole center.
INPUT:
LIMITS:
RETURN:              - error code
                        - writes to comm the center points.

26 - SetFindOnlyLaserPower( int iPower )
DESCRIPTION:          Sets the power for the linescan function.
                        Sets variable GiSetFindOnlyLaserPower
                        Default: 200
INPUT:                0 - 4096
LIMITS:

```

```

28 - HoleLineScanReport() //////////////// NOT IMPLEMENTED FUNCTION OBSOLETE
DESCRIPTION: Finds the for quadrant edges.
INPUT:   int xStart      0 - 4096 x Center point
         int yStart      0 - 4096 y Center point
         int iQuad       1, 2, 3, 4
         int iVerbose    0 = VERBOSE_OFF
                       1 = VERBOSE_SERIAL_ON (SERIAL COMM)
                       2 = VERBOSE_TTY_ON (stdio terminal, debug only)

```

```

29 - DumpVariables()
DESCRIPTION: Dumps global variables in either raw format or formatted.
INPUT:      0 - Dump variables unformatted
           1 - Dump variables formatted

```

```

Unformatted: & GiPhotoGain GiLaserPower ... CRLF
Formatted :  GiPhotoGain = xxxxxx GiLaserPower = .....

```

Format: (order)	Data Type
GiPhotoGain	integer
GiLaserPower	integer
GiLaserState	integer
GfXScaleFactor	float
GfYScaleFactor	float
GiHolePerRow	integer
GiDiskDiameter	integer
GiSampleGrid	integer
GiHoleDistance	integer
GiHoleSize	integer
GiNHoles	integer
GiXYStart	integer
GiMaxAngle	integer
GfThreshold	float
GiSetFindOnlyLaserPower	integer
GiPointsPastThreshold	integer
GiLaserExtTimerEvent	integer
GbUseExtDAC	integer
GfDelta	float
GfBeta	float

```

/////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
/////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
                        START of Parameter set functions
/////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
/////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////////
40 - FactorySetup()
    DESCRIPTION:   Initialize all data to factory setup Data values.
    INPUT:   none
    LIMIT:
    IMPORTANT NOTE: this is done automatically whenever the backup battery power has been
disconnected (i.e., new battery or new microprocessor sub-board). In this circumstance you must do
the calibration command 'J62' to set the x and y scale corrections before proceeding to do
measurements.

41 - SetGfDelta()
    DESCRIPTION:   Filter Delta
    INPUT:   Type int
    LIMIT:
42 - SetGfBeta()
    DESCRIPTION:   Filter Beta
    INPUT:   Type int
    LIMIT:
43 - SetGiPhotoGain()
    DESCRIPTION:   Current Photo Gain
    INPUT:   Type int
    LIMIT: 0-3 default 0 is highest gain
44 - SetGiSampleGrid()
    DESCRIPTION:   Sample grid
    INPUT:   Type int
    LIMIT: default 600 Microns
45 - SetGiHoleDistance()
    DESCRIPTION:   Distance between holes
    INPUT:   int
    LIMIT: default 8000 microns
46 - SetGiHoleSize()
    DESCRIPTION:   Sets Hole size
    INPUT:           int
    LIMIT:           default = 400 microns
47 - SetGiNHoles()
    DESCRIPTION:   Sets sample array default holes row.
    INPUT:           int
    LIMIT:           default = 10 (10 x 10 = 100 holes)
48 - SetGiDiskDiameter()
    DESCRIPTION:   Sets disk diameter
    INPUT:           int
    LIMIT:           default = 9700 microns
49 - SetGbUseExtDAC()
    DESCRIPTION:   Set the external DAC Use
    INPUT:           int
    LIMIT:           Default = Internal
50 - SetGbUseExtEnable()
    DESCRIPTION:   Set the external enable
    INPUT:           int
    LIMIT:           default = Disabled
51 - SetGiThreshold()
    DESCRIPTION:   Set Threshold
    INPUT:           int 0 - 5000 millivolts
    LIMIT:           default = 1500
52 - SetGiPointsPastThreshold()
    DESCRIPTION:   Set the pre/post Points for peak detection threshold
    INPUT:           int
    LIMIT:           default = PRE_POST_SAMPLES
    NOTE: It is not recommended to set this
parameter. Mainly used for development.
53 - SetGiXYStart()
    DESCRIPTION:   Set the x, y start for linescanning ONLY
    INPUT:           int
    LIMIT:           0 - 2047

```



```

////////////////////////////////////
////////////////////////////////////
START OF SET UP COMMANDS
////////////////////////////////////
////////////////////////////////////
60 - DrawPattern()
    DESCRIPTION: This function command will display either a circle or a box on the disk.
    INPUT:       xStart - starting x OFFSET (make 0 to center)
                yStart - starting y OFFSET
                iRadius - this is the circle radius or the length of
                        the box sides.
                iType   - 0 = BOX, 1 = Circle

61 - DumpReflectivity()
    DESCRIPTION: This function will just dump a A/D value on STDIO and comm port
                Used for debugging only!
    INPUT:       NONE.

62 - CalScales()
    DESCRIPTION: This function will acquire the 4 quadrants for a given
                disk. It will scan the disk in the x and y axes after finding the disk center
                on the diagonal, then display the result through the communication port.

                IMPORTANT NOTE: This function is for setting up disk parameters and the disk
                MUST BE well centered in order to work. Because the scans are along the x
                and y axes, they hit the corners of the heating plate. Therefore a thin
                black tape must be put on the heating plate to cover it completely.

    INPUT:       None.

63 - FindRawDiskCenter()
    DESCRIPTION: This function will find the Raw disk center. It is used to
                reduce the size of the data buffer and be more precise
                in finding the disk.
    INPUT:       NONE.

64 - TestHoleCenters()
    DESCRIPTION: (A SPECIAL 5x5 Test disk, 400 micron through hole diameter, on 1200 micron
                centers)
                NOTE: THESE HOLES ARE THROUGH HOLES. There must be black tape on the heating
                plate to avoid reflections in the hole. Be sure the disk is right side up.
                There is a chamfer on the bottom edge, and there are mill tool marks on the
                top surface, whereas the bottom surface is turned.
                NOTE: The test disk must be clean. Any debris in the holes will affect
                performance.
                All 25 holes plus the orientation holes are tested.

    INPUT:       NONE.
    OUTPUT:      Position Number (hole number)
                Each Hole center - X,Y Center in DAC coordinates when moved.
                Actual Hole Center by actually finding the center based on the move.
                At the end, the difference between measured and computed hole centers is
                output. The last two holes done are the two orientation holes.

65 - SetProgrammersVerbose()
    DESCRIPTION: Sets a verbose mode for programming ONLY.
                WARNING: USING THIS FUNCTION MAY HAVE ADVERSE EFFECTS ON SYSTEM PERFORMANCE
    INPUT:       1 = Turn it on, 0 = off (default - off) GbVerbose.
    OUTPUT:      NONE.

68 - DoTest68()
                Programmer only information and testing

```

69 - DoTest()
DESCRIPTION: This function will run a routine called DoTest() and will only run code that a programmer or someone wants to activate from a terminal. DoTest() is located in the TESTTOOLS.LIB.
DO NOT ACTIVATE OR CALL THIS FUNCTION UNLESS YOU HAVE VIEWED THE CODE AND ARE SURE OF THE RESULTS.

INPUT: NONE

```
////////////////////////////////////  
////////////////////////////////////  
                        END TEST FUNCTIONS  
////////////////////////////////////  
////////////////////////////////////
```

90 - Echo Serial port C control
DESCRIPTION: This command will toggle echo on or off with each sequential call.
Used mainly for manual entering command.
INPUT: None
LIMITS:
DEFAULT CONDITION: OFF

91 - Set System Clock NOT IMPLEMENTED FULLY

(NOTE: Year does not display properly)
DESCRIPTION: This command will set the system clock. This command is in the 24 hour format.
!!
! NOTE: VERY IMPORTANT. THE TIME AND DATE SET WILL NOT TAKE EFFECT!
! UNTIL THE PROGRAM IS RESTARTED. !
!!
INPUT:

Format:]91HH:MN:SS MM/DD/YRCR
HH = 00 - 23
MN = 00 - 59
SS = 00 - 59
MM = 00 - 12
DD = 00 - 31
YR = 00 - 99 If the year is between 49 - 79 the year is 1949 to 1979.
If the year is between 0 - 48 the year is 2000 - 2048.
If the year is between 80 - 99 the year is 1980 - 1999.

NOTES: There must be a space between the time and date.

DEFAULT CONDITION: What ever the system first turns on with.
LIMITS: See INPUT:

92 - Get Product ID
DESCRIPTION: This command will return a product ID.
INPUT: None
LIMITS: None
DEFAULT CONDITION: None

Text from scanner for initialize command '\j0'

_____Find Disk_____

```
FRDC(); Quadrant 1 Found edge[ 1140, 1140]
FRDC(); Quadrant 2 Found edge[ 1112,-1112]
FRDC(); Quadrant 3 Found edge[-1120,-1120]
FRDC(); Quadrant 4 Found edge[-1140, 1140]
FRDC(); Disk Center =    -4,    24
FRDC(); Quad 1-3 Diameter in microns =  9588
FRDC(); Radius(GiXYStart) =  1276
```

```
Filtered Reflectivity Range(iThreshold+-(2*GiQ)) = 0.335445  3.694335
FindEdge() Quad 1 X = 1128.632690  Y = 1156.632440
```

```
Filtered Reflectivity Range(iThreshold+-(2*GiQ)) = 0.137662  3.711014
FindEdge() Quad 2 X = 1124.458370  Y = -1104.458610
```

```
Filtered Reflectivity Range(iThreshold+-(2*GiQ)) = 0.554445  3.740235
FindEdge() Quad 3 X = -1133.375610  Y = -1105.375850
```

```
Filtered Reflectivity Range(iThreshold+-(2*GiQ)) = 0.328176  3.708055
FindEdge() Quad 4 X = -1132.839960  Y = 1152.839960
ComputeCenter() X = -2.562316  Y = 25.818966
```

```
Scale Factor x = 0.329447  y = 0.329447
```

```
Falling edge[106] x,y = 1065,799  Theta = 36.537815 //scanned from 0 degrees. Not
```

```
Rising edge[196] x,y = 984,897  Theta = 42.088787 //the same as the angle for
//transform sent below
```

```
Rough Centers x = 1024.000000  y = 848.000000
```

```
Falling edge[109] x,y = -1068,-751  Theta = 216.722854 //for other hole
```

```
Rising edge[197] x,y = -988,-846  Theta = 222.150466
```

```
Rough Centers x = -1028.000000  y = -798.000000
```

```
Better Centers 1: x = 1016.999870  y = 840.999870
```

```
Better Centers 2: x = -1032.999750  y = -802.999870
```

```
FindHoleEdge(1) x = 1064, y = 888
```

```
FindHoleEdge(1) Reflectivity Range = 0.180599  3.730614
```

```
FindHoleEdge(2) x = 1062, y = 796
```

```
FindHoleEdge(2) Reflectivity Range = 0.237604  3.781114
```

```
FindHoleEdge(3) x = 970, y = 794
```

```
FindHoleEdge(3) Reflectivity Range = 0.153398  3.742874
```

```
FindHoleEdge(4) x = 970, y = 888
```

```
FindHoleEdge(4) Reflectivity Range = 0.165893  3.736320
```

```
Hole 1 Center x = 1017.000120  y = 842.000120
```

```
FindHoleEdge(1) x = -987, y = -757
```

```
FindHoleEdge(1) Reflectivity Range = 0.322731  3.761338
```

```
FindHoleEdge(2) x = -989, y = -847
```

```
FindHoleEdge(2) Reflectivity Range = 0.386334  3.706079
```

```
FindHoleEdge(3) x = -1079, y = -849
```

```
FindHoleEdge(3) Reflectivity Range = 0.207306  3.752266
```

```
FindHoleEdge(4) x = -1077, y = -759
```

```
FindHoleEdge(4) Reflectivity Range = 0.149781  3.775494
```

```
Hole 2 Center x = -1032.000240  y = -803.000120
```

```
Angle degrees = 50.606472
```

```
//rotation angle of orientation
```

```
X Scale Factor = 0.332231
```

```
//holes from 90 degrees
```

```
Y Scale Factor = 0.324791
```

```
Disk Center X = -7.500061
```

```
Disk Center Y = 19.499998
```

```
&50.606472 0.332231 0.324791 -7.500061 19.499998
```

```
//host computer readable
```

```
!0
```

```
//completion code
```

```
//elapsed time 12 seconds
```

The beam may be positioned by microns from center (orientation hole 1 up), or by sample hole number using the disk parameters entered. Parameters for 10 x 10 array on 600 micron centers is default.

```
]2 600 600 //move to center x, y in microns from center of
&273.058715,-7.424294 600,600 //disk (orientation hole 1 up)
//''&' string is x,y DAC and x,y microns
!0 //completion code
```

Position numbers run from 0 to 99 for 10 x 10 array. Position 0 is upper left corner, 9 is upper right, 99 is lower right corner

```
]5 12 //move to sample position 12
&215.402374,828.866210 -1500,2100 //''&' string is x,y DAC and x,y microns
```

```
!0 //completion code
```

Arm laser for external control. If the first parameter is negative, then the external analog laser intensity signal from the 2200 is used. If it is positive (1-4095) the internal DAC will be set and used. If it is zero, the laser will turn off if it was on. The second parameter is 1 for control by the 2200. The laser will go on when the OSL enable signal goes low, and then off when the signal returns high. When the second parameter is zero, the laser will turn on immediately. DO NOT WAIT FOR A COMPLETION CODE BEFORE SENDING THE OSL COMMAND TO THE 2200!! The completion code is sent only AFTER the laser on/off is completed (for the external OSL enable mode). In the external mode, there will be a '&ON' returned when the laser goes on, and '&OFF' when turned off.

```
]6 -1 1
Waiting for external control signal to go low //now issue shinedown command to 2200
&ON //when it does
Waiting for external control signal to return high
&OFF //when it does that, i.e. shinedown over
!0 //successful completion code, -52 if timed out
```

Dump of variable parameters in host computer readable form

```
]29 0
&0 0 0 0.331813 0.324047 5 9700 1200 8000 400 25 1277 15 0 200 36 0.000003 0 4.3
03348 25.000000
```

```
!0 //completion code
```

Dump of variable parameters in human-readable form. This one is for the test disk (5 x 5 array)

```
]29 1
GiPhotoGain = 0
GiLaserPower = 0
GiLaserState = 0
GfXScaleFactor = 0.331813
GfYScaleFactor = 0.324047
GiHolePerRow = 5
GiDiskDiameter = 9700
GiSampleGrid = 1200
GiHoleDistance = 8000
GiHoleSize = 400
GiNHoles = 25
GiXYStart = 1277
GiMaxAngle = 15
GfThreshold = 1.750000
GiSetFindOnlyLaserPower = 200
GiPointsPastThreshold = 36
GiLaserExtTimerEvent = 100
GbUseExtDAC = 0
GfDelta = 4.303348
GfBeta = 25.000000
```

```
!0 //completion code
```

Test suite command j64 for use with 25 hole array test disk to show quality of fit

```
==== Scanning Test Disk ==== // for command `j64'== test disk
_____ Find Disk _____
FRDC(); Quadrant 1 Found edge[ 1140, 1140] //acquire disk center
FRDC(); Quadrant 2 Found edge[ 1112,-1112]
FRDC(); Quadrant 3 Found edge[-1120,-1120]
FRDC(); Quadrant 4 Found edge[-1140, 1140]
FRDC(); Disk Center = -4, 24
FRDC(); Quad 1-3 Diameter in microns = 9588
FRDC(); Radius(GiXYStart) = 1276

Filtered Reflectivity Range(iThreshold+-(2*GiQ)) = 0.396036 3.773663
FindEdge() Quad 1 X = 1128.611930 Y = 1156.611930

Filtered Reflectivity Range(iThreshold+-(2*GiQ)) = 0.128226 3.721061
FindEdge() Quad 2 X = 1124.463740 Y = -1104.463500

Filtered Reflectivity Range(iThreshold+-(2*GiQ)) = 0.433061 3.757850
FindEdge() Quad 3 X = -1133.782830 Y = -1105.782590

Filtered Reflectivity Range(iThreshold+-(2*GiQ)) = 0.297456 3.727515
FindEdge() Quad 4 X = -1133.153190 Y = 1153.153190
ComputeCenter() X = -2.930236 Y = 25.759518

Scale Factor x = 0.329498 y = 0.329498

Falling edge[106] x,y = 1065,799 Theta = 36.537815 //acquire orientation holes
Rising edge[196] x,y = 983,897 Theta = 42.088787 //angle from 0 degrees

Rough Centers x = 1024.000000 y = 848.000000

Falling edge[109] x,y = -1068,-751 Theta = 216.722854
Rising edge[197] x,y = -988,-846 Theta = 222.150466
Rough Centers x = -1028.000000 y = -798.000000
Better Centers 1: x = 1016.999870 y = 840.999870
Better Centers 2: x = -1032.499750 y = -802.499870
FindHoleEdge(1) x = 1064, y = 888
FindHoleEdge(1) Reflectivity Range = 0.147070 3.722120
FindHoleEdge(2) x = 1062, y = 796
FindHoleEdge(2) Reflectivity Range = 0.151683 3.732028
FindHoleEdge(3) x = 970, y = 794
FindHoleEdge(3) Reflectivity Range = 0.163189 3.740614
FindHoleEdge(4) x = 970, y = 888
FindHoleEdge(4) Reflectivity Range = 0.183977 3.777306
Hole 1 Center x = 1017.000120 y = 842.000120

FindHoleEdge(1) x = -987, y = -757
FindHoleEdge(1) Reflectivity Range = 0.303673 3.751762
FindHoleEdge(2) x = -988, y = -846
FindHoleEdge(2) Reflectivity Range = 0.378605 3.725783
FindHoleEdge(3) x = -1079, y = -849
FindHoleEdge(3) Reflectivity Range = 0.175924 3.768988
FindHoleEdge(4) x = -1077, y = -757
FindHoleEdge(4) Reflectivity Range = 0.134140 3.773641
Hole 2 Center x = -1032.500240 y = -802.500120

Angle degrees = 50.621852 //the results for the transform
X Scale Factor = 0.332283 //angle for xform is from 90 degrees
Y Scale Factor = 0.324842
Disk Center X = -7.750061
Disk Center Y = 19.749998
&50.621852 0.332283 0.324842 -7.750061 19.749998 //the string for the host computer
//now find the test hole centers

&102.732543,1116.996580 -2400,2400 //hole 0 DAC coordinates and in microns
Seeking Center for Hole 0
FindHoleEdge(1) x = 152, y = 1169
FindHoleEdge(1) Reflectivity Range = 0.179513 3.738889
FindHoleEdge(2) x = 152, y = 1069
```

```

FindHoleEdge(2) Reflectivity Range = 0.144601 3.803016
FindHoleEdge(3) x = 52, y = 1069
FindHoleEdge(3) Reflectivity Range = 0.134718 3.719607
FindHoleEdge(4) x = 53, y = 1168
FindHoleEdge(4) Reflectivity Range = 0.172687 3.750426
&355.707092,815.682860 -1200,2400 //now for hole 1
Seeking Center for Hole 1
FindHoleEdge(1) x = 407, y = 868
FindHoleEdge(1) Reflectivity Range = 0.223082 3.713130
FindHoleEdge(2) x = 404, y = 769
FindHoleEdge(2) Reflectivity Range = 0.253270 3.762985
FindHoleEdge(3) x = 305, y = 766
FindHoleEdge(3) Reflectivity Range = 0.134864 3.719440
FindHoleEdge(4) x = 307, y = 866
FindHoleEdge(4) Reflectivity Range = 0.149169 3.749979
&608.681640,514.369010 0,2400 //hole 2, etc.
Seeking Center for Hole 2
FindHoleEdge(1) x = 660, y = 567
FindHoleEdge(1) Reflectivity Range = 0.145673 3.765408
FindHoleEdge(2) x = 658, y = 469
FindHoleEdge(2) Reflectivity Range = 0.285795 3.766602
FindHoleEdge(3) x = 560, y = 467
FindHoleEdge(3) Reflectivity Range = 0.323574 3.734731
FindHoleEdge(4) x = 560, y = 567
FindHoleEdge(4) Reflectivity Range = 0.129094 3.764742
&861.656120,213.055267 1200,2400
Seeking Center for Hole 3
FindHoleEdge(1) x = 913, y = 266
FindHoleEdge(1) Reflectivity Range = 0.139617 3.715572
FindHoleEdge(2) x = 913, y = 166
FindHoleEdge(2) Reflectivity Range = 0.131911 3.665139
FindHoleEdge(3) x = 812, y = 165
FindHoleEdge(3) Reflectivity Range = 0.139239 3.790087
FindHoleEdge(4) x = 813, y = 266
FindHoleEdge(4) Reflectivity Range = 0.169695 3.695444
&1114.630610,-88.258514 2400,2400
.
.
.
.
.
Seeking Center for Hole 22
FindHoleEdge(1) x = -576, y = -430
FindHoleEdge(1) Reflectivity Range = 0.573967 3.731522
FindHoleEdge(2) x = -578, y = -520
FindHoleEdge(2) Reflectivity Range = 0.605543 3.762281
FindHoleEdge(3) x = -669, y = -523
FindHoleEdge(3) Reflectivity Range = 0.412411 3.737923
FindHoleEdge(4) x = -668, y = -430
FindHoleEdge(4) Reflectivity Range = 0.689937 3.806604
&-371.207153,-776.182980 1200,-2400
Seeking Center for Hole 23
FindHoleEdge(1) x = -327, y = -732
FindHoleEdge(1) Reflectivity Range = 0.677318 3.753589
FindHoleEdge(2) x = -329, y = -820
FindHoleEdge(2) Reflectivity Range = 0.638365 3.792415
FindHoleEdge(3) x = -416, y = -821
FindHoleEdge(3) Reflectivity Range = 0.542381 3.725438
FindHoleEdge(4) x = -415, y = -734
FindHoleEdge(4) Reflectivity Range = 0.680001 3.679258
&-118.232650,-1077.496820 2400,-2400
Seeking Center for Hole 24 //last hole in the array of 25
FindHoleEdge(1) x = -70, y = -1029
FindHoleEdge(1) Reflectivity Range = 0.160198 3.741159
FindHoleEdge(2) x = -70, y = -1127
FindHoleEdge(2) Reflectivity Range = 0.151201 2.878206
FindHoleEdge(3) x = -168, y = -1127
FindHoleEdge(3) Reflectivity Range = 0.127448 3.728675
FindHoleEdge(4) x = -168, y = -1029
FindHoleEdge(4) Reflectivity Range = 0.316619 3.713634

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&1019.635980,844.115110 0,4000 //check orientation hole 1
Seeking Center for Hole 25
FindHoleEdge(1) x = 1064, y = 888
FindHoleEdge(1) Reflectivity Range = 0.166477 3.696387
FindHoleEdge(2) x = 1063, y = 795
FindHoleEdge(2) Reflectivity Range = 0.183785 3.734213
FindHoleEdge(3) x = 970, y = 794
FindHoleEdge(3) Reflectivity Range = 0.185279 3.715261
FindHoleEdge(4) x = 970, y = 888
FindHoleEdge(4) Reflectivity Range = 0.201647 3.754690
&-1035.136230,-804.615230 0,-4000
Seeking Center for Hole 26 //check orientation hole 2
FindHoleEdge(1) x = -987, y = -758
FindHoleEdge(1) Reflectivity Range = 0.298513 3.752803
FindHoleEdge(2) x = -989, y = -846
FindHoleEdge(2) Reflectivity Range = 0.378063 3.751219
FindHoleEdge(3) x = -1078, y = -849
FindHoleEdge(3) Reflectivity Range = 0.189031 3.772947
FindHoleEdge(4) x = -1077, y = -758
FindHoleEdge(4) Reflectivity Range = 0.189731 3.745820

0 Delta x = 3.044739 y = -6.089478 Microns //the resulting differences
1 Delta x = 3.044739 y = -3.044739 Microns //between actual and computed
2 Delta x = -3.044739 y = -9.134217 Microns //positions
3 Delta x = -4.567109 y = -7.611847 Microns
4 Delta x = 6.089478 y = -15.223695 Microns
5 Delta x = -4.567109 y = 7.611847 Microns
5 Delta x = -4.567109 y = 7.611847 Microns
7 Delta x = -1.522370 y = -4.567109 Microns
8 Delta x = -4.567109 y = -13.701325 Microns
9 Delta x = -1.522370 y = -13.701325 Microns
10 Delta x = -13.701325 y = 4.567109 Microns
11 Delta x = -10.656680 y = 4.567109 Microns
12 Delta x = -3.044740 y = 0.000006 Microns
13 Delta x = -9.134217 y = 9.134217 Microns
14 Delta x = 4.567109 y = 7.611847 Microns
15 Delta x = -7.611847 y = 10.656587 Microns
16 Delta x = 3.044739 y = 3.044716 Microns
17 Delta x = 4.567109 y = -1.522370 Microns
18 Delta x = 9.134194 y = -9.134217 Microns
19 Delta x = 1.522370 y = -7.611847 Microns
20 Delta x = -15.223695 y = 3.044739 Microns
21 Delta x = -10.656587 y = 7.611847 Microns
22 Delta x = -4.567109 y = 1.522370 Microns
23 Delta x = 3.044739 y = 3.044739 Microns
24 Delta x = 3.044739 y = 3.044739 Microns
25 Delta x = 9.134217 y = 6.089478 Microns //the orientation holes
26 Delta x = -9.134217 y = -6.089478 Microns //not too shabby!!

!0 //completion code

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